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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/740,201	12/18/2000	Cian E. O'Meara	673-1019	4327
23644	7590 12/13/2005		EXAMINER	
BARNES & THORNBURG, LLP			BOYCE, ANDRE D	
P.O. BOX 2786 CHICAGO, IL 60690-2786			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/740,201	O'MEARA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary					
<i></i>	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	Andre Boyce	3623			
Period for Reply	spears on the cover sheet with the	,on coponacios adarese			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IDENTIFY of the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28	November 2005.				
	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 49	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). njected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF FORM PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	v (PTO-413)			
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail D				

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on November 28, 2005 has been entered.
- 2. Claims 1, 23, 24, 30, 35, and 36 have been amended. Claims 1-36 are pending.
- 3. The previously pending rejections to claims 1-23 under 35 U.S.C. 101 have been withdrawn, however the rejections to claims 30-34 remain, as seen below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 30 is rendered vague and indefinite. Claim 30 recites and an agent profile for use in allocating orders to a mobile agent. Specifically, claim 30 recites

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"..locations in said listing being prioritized according to the availability of the agent," in lines 6-7 of the claim. It is unclear whether the listing being "prioritized" is determined by the agent profile. As such, the Examiner is interpreting the claim to simple be a compilation of data (i.e., listing of locations), since the prioritization does not seem to be a function performed by the agent profile. Claims 31-34 are rejected based upon the same rationale. Further, claim 30 is also properly rejected under 35 USC § 101, as seen below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

7. Claims 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Independent claim 30, an agent profile, is nonfunctional descriptive material per se, since it is merely a compilation of data, and is thus deemed nonstatutory. See MPEP 2106 IV(B)(1). Claims 31-34 are rejected based upon the same rationale as claim 30.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

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9. Claims 1-17, 22-25, 27, and 30-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Powell et al (US 2002/0065700).

As per claim 1, Powell et al disclose a method of allocating a location-related order to one of a plurality of mobile agents (processing work assignments to a mobile workforce ¶ 0033), comprising the steps of a) maintaining a current order record identifying a first location and first time at which each agent is expected to become free to fulfill a new order (workforce member scheduled examined and periods of availability and slack time are identified, ¶ 0033); b) maintaining a prioritized listing of locations, with locations in said listing being prioritized for an agent according to the availability of the agent to reach each location after said first time (consideration of workforce members geographic location and associate a geographic block to minimize travel time, ¶ 0044), said listing including locations not currently due to be visited by said agent (i.e., pooled queue 20 of pooled work orders associated with geographic location, listed according to priority of the work order, ¶ 0044, wherein inserting pooled work orders 36 into the workforce member schedule, create a revised schedule or route 40, ¶ 0055); c) receiving said location-based order and recording the location and time at which said order is to be fulfilled (pooled work order associated with geographic block, ¶ 0044); d) determining from said prioritized listing of locations a suitable agent to fulfill said order (workforce member with slack time or periods of availability in the geographic block, ¶ 0044); and e) allocating said order to said identified agent (pooled work orders associated with the

geographic block are inserted into workforce member's schedule who has slack, ¶ 0044).

As per claim 2, Powell et al disclose step a) comprises maintaining for each agent an individual current order file relating only to that agent (individual work force member schedule, ¶ 0033).

As per claim 3, Powell et al disclose step a) comprises maintaining a combined current order file relating to a plurality of agents, with said first location and first time identified for each such agent (schedule created for the work force as a whole, ¶ 0033).

As per claim 4, Powell et al disclose step b) comprises maintaining for each agent an individual prioritized location listing relating only to that agent (workforce member geographic location and associated geographic block, ¶ 0044).

As per claim 5, Powell et al disclose step b) comprises maintaining a combined prioritized location listing relating to a plurality of agents, with each location being prioritized for one or more agents according to the ability of the or each such agent to reach each location after said first time relating to the agent (i.e., each workforce member's geographic location and associated geographic block is examined in order to minimize travel time, ¶ 0044).

As per claim 6, Powell et al disclose the step of updating the current order record for said identified agent with a new first location and first time at which said agent is expected to become free after fulfilling said order (i.e., process is iterative until all slack time is filled, ¶ 0044).

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As per claim 7, Powell et al does not disclose said step of allocating said order comprises i) offering said order to said agent (i.e., inserting work order into workforce member's schedule); and ii) receiving confirmation of acceptance of the order from the agent (i.e., confirmation is assumed upon delivery of new schedule to workforce member, wherein scheduling assignments are based upon worker preference, ¶ 0040).

As per claim 8, Powell et al disclose said current order record identifies locations and times relating to all current orders assigned to said agent (i.e., geographic location and slack time or availability).

As per claim 9, Powell et al disclose said listing of locations identifies the priority of each location with a time at which the agent is expected to be able to reach said location (i.e., minimize travel time between consecutive work orders, ¶ 0044).

As per claim 10, Powell et al disclose said listing of locations identifies the priority of each location with a priority identifier calculated from the distance between each such location and said first location, and the time between the current time and said first time (i.e., minimization of travel time based upon the geographic block of the work order, ¶ 0043).

As per claim 11, Powell et al disclose said distance is a true geographical distance (i.e., geographical area 30 represent true distances, figure 2).

As per claim 12, Powell et al disclose said distance is a distance calculated in a non-linear representation of an area including said locations (i.e., area 30 parsed into grid blocks 31, figure 2).

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As per claim 13, Powell et al disclose said representation is selected from a grid of cells to which locations are mapped, a set of groups of locations, and a mesh of elements to which locations are mapped (grid blocks 31).

As per claim 14, Powell et al disclose said locations are identified as cells within a grid to which locations are mapped (grid blocks 31).

As per claim 15, Powell et al disclose said locations are identified as groups of locations within a set of such groups (i.e., groups of geographic blocks).

As per claim 16, Powell et al disclose said locations are identified as elements within a mesh of elements to which locations are mapped (i.e., circle shapes 36 represent pooled work locations, and diamonds 34 represent service orders, figure 2).

As per claim 17, Powell et al disclose updating the prioritized listing for said identified agent when said order has been allocated, to take account of said new first location and new first time (i.e., iterative process updates workforce members schedule and looks for additional slack time or availability, ¶ 0044).

As per claim 22, Powell et al disclose said current order file further includes details of an advance order, including a second location and a second time after said first time, at which said advance order is to be fulfilled, and wherein step d) includes the step of determining whether the agent is expected to be able to finish said new location-based order with sufficient time to fulfill said advance order (i.e., iterative process updates workforce members schedule and looks for additional slack time or availability in order to add new work orders, ¶ 0044).

Claim 23 is rejected based upon the same rationale as claim 17 (which depends from claim 6 and claim 1), since it contains the same limitations therein.

Claim 24 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 1, since it is the system claim corresponding to the method claim.

As per claim 25, Powell et al disclose said input interface comprises an operator interface for an operator to input details received from an ordering party (user interface 102, ¶ 0067).

As per claim 27, Powell et al disclose a map database correlating real geographical locations with location identifiers for use in identifying locations in said current orders file and said listing (i.e., computer program 92 must include a map database in order to determine minimal travel time based upon geographic locations).

Claims 30-34 are rejected based upon the same rationale as the rejections of claims 1, 8, 22, 2, and 4, respectively, since they are the profile claims relating to the method claims, containing the same limitations therein.

Claim 35 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 1, since it is the program product claim, corresponding to the method claim.

Claim 36 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 1, since it is the communication network claim, corresponding to the method claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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10. Claims 18-20, 26, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Powell et al, as applied to claims 1 and 24 above, in view of Jacobs et al (US 2001/0047287).

As per claims 18-20, Powell et al does not disclose said first time is calculated from a journey time file which records expected journey times between locations, and said first time is input by an operator based on an expected journey time, wherein the operator is the agent to which the current order record relates. Sisley et al disclose the travel time being specified by the system user and stored in a travel time file, wherein the system user could be the technician (column 26, lines 53-55). Both Powell and Sisley are concerned with effective workforce scheduling, therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a travel time file in the Powell system, thereby making the system more efficient in determining repetitive travel times.

As per claim 26, Powell et al does not disclose said input interface is selected from a web server hosting a user interface via which ordering parties can input order details, a Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) server hosting a user interface via which ordering parties can input order details, an Interactive Voice Response (IVR) unit via which a user can input order details and a Short Messaging Service (SMS) gateway for receiving SMS messages containing order details. Sisley et al disclose a service management system and one or more interactive user interfaces 18 for communication between the scheduling system and the users (column 5, lines 35-

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41). Both Powell and Sisley are concerned with effective workforce scheduling, therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a interactive communication system in the Powell system, thereby making the system more efficient in communicating customer needs to the workforce members.

Claim 28 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 18, since it is the system claim corresponding to the method claim.

11. Claims 21 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Powell et al, as applied to claims 1 and 24 above, in view of Ditcharo et al (USPN 6,587,851).

As per claim 21, Powell et al does not disclose the step of maintaining said current order record includes providing access to an agent to said current order record to edit the details recorded therein. Ditcharo et al disclose access unit 204 including provisions that allow technicians to retrieve information and run tests (column 5, lines 16-24). Both Powell and Ditcharo are concerned with effective workforce scheduling, therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include workforce member access to records in Powell, as an efficient means of sharing information within the system, thereby improving overall communications.

Claim 29 is rejected based upon the rejection of claim 21, since it is the system claim corresponding to the method claim.

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Response to Arguments

12. In the Remarks, Applicant argues that Powell et al does not, at any stage, keep a record of the locations that the agent is not scheduled to visit. The Examiner respectfully disagrees and submit that Powell et al disclose a pooled queue 20 of pooled work orders associated with geographic location, listed according to priority of the work order (¶ 0044). These pooled work orders are work orders *not currently scheduled* to be visited by any agent, and are inserted into an agent's schedule based upon slack time of the agent and priority of the pooled work order, wherein inserting pooled work orders 36 into the workforce member schedule, create a revised schedule or route 40 (¶ 0055).

Conclusion

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andre Boyce whose telephone number is (571) 272-6726. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (571) 272-6729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

adb November 11, 2005 ANDRE BOYCE PATENT EXAMMER AU 3623